

STEVEN C. McCRAW DIRECTOR

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

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DAVID G BAKER ROBERT J BODISHCH, SR DEPUTY DIRECTORS

TEXAS INTRASTATE VISION WAIVER APPLICATION and PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

In accordance with the Texas Transportation Code, 522.0235(a), the Texas Department of Public Safety may provide for a waiver of the visual standards for a commercial driver license contained in 49 C.F.R., Part 391.41(b)(10). This waiver may be issued if the applicant is applying for or has been issued a commercial driver license and will be driving commercially within the State of Texas only. The Department of Public Safety will only issue a vision waiver if it finds such a waiver would likely achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved if such a waiver were not granted.

To qualify for a Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver, a driver must meet all other physical requirements set forth in 49 C.F.R., Part 391. The issuance of this waiver will allow an individual to apply for or renew a Texas Commercial Driver License that will allow the driver to participate in the *transport of material goods or passengers within the State of Texas only*. This waiver is not a guarantee of employment. Motor carriers regulated by the US Department of Transportation may require drivers to hold a current DOT Medical Card as a condition of employment. Holders of a Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver who *do not* meet the physical requirements for a DOT Medical Card may be legally denied employment.

Factors considered prior to the issuance of a waiver will be the driver's experience level and motor vehicle driving record. In addition to the information required on the application form, an applicant's driving history for the three-year period immediately preceding the application will be evaluated. In order for an applicant to qualify for a Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver, his/her driving record must contain:

- (1) no suspensions, revocations or cancellations of his/her driver license for the operation of any motor vehicle, including a personal vehicle.
- (2) no involvement in an accident for which he/she received a citation for a moving violation in any motor vehicle, including a personal vehicle.
- (3) no conviction for a disqualifying offense, as defined in 49 CFR 383.51(b)(2), or more than one serious traffic violation, as defined by 49 CFR, Part 385.5, while driving a commercial motor vehicle which disqualified or should have disqualified the applicant in accordance with the driver disqualification provisions of 49 CFR 383.51.
- (4) no more than two convictions for any moving violations or accident involvement in a commercial motor vehicle.

If an applicant is arrested, cited for or convicted of any disqualifying offense or other moving violation(s) during the time his/her application is pending, he/she must immediately report such arrests, citations or convictions to the Texas Department of Public Safety, License and Record Service, PO Box 4087, Austin, Texas 78773-0320.

No waiver decision will be made while any charge against the applicant for what would be a disqualifying offense, is still pending. Convictions occurring during the processing of an application will be considered part of an applicant's overall driving record. Applicants must also report any conviction that is not listed on the motor vehicle history because of processing delays.

If a subsequent review of an applicant's driver record reveals incidents that should have been reported, any waiver granted may be subject to revocation.

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To issue a Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver, the Department of Public Safety must receive the following documents:

- 1. A Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver Application completed by the applicant.
- 2. A Driver License Office Vision Examination form completed and by Department of Public Safety driver license office personnel.
- 3. The Medical Examination Report completed by a licensed medical examiner.

The License and Record Service Section of the Department of Public Safety must receive vision/physical examination results within 45 days of the date of the exam. Incomplete documents will be returned to the applicant for completion. Completed Texas Intrastate Vision Waivers may be faxed, emailed, or mailed to the Department of Public Safety.

Completed applications are to be mailed to:

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
LICENSE AND RECORD SERVICE
ATTN: CDL
P.O. BOX 4087 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78773-0320

Completed applications are to be emailed to:

TexasCDL@DPS.TEXAS.GOV

Completed applications are to be faxed to:

(512) 424-2002

IF YOUR VISION WAIVER IS APPROVED, VISION WAIVERS ARE VALID FOR TWO (2) YEARS FROM THE EXAMINATION DATE, UNLESS THE MEDICAL EXAMINER SPECI FIES A SHORTER PERIOD. WAIVER RECIPIENTS MUST HAVE THE 'M' (CDL-INTRASTATE COMMERCE ONLY) AND 'P' (VALID TEXAS VISION WAIVER REQUIRED) RESTRICTIONS ADDED TO THEIR LICENSE. IF CORRECTIVE LENSES ARE REQUIRED TO MEET TEXAS VISION WAIVER CRITERIUM, THE 'A' RESTRICTION (CORRECTIVE LENSES) WILL BE ADDED AS WELL.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING THE WAIVER APPLICATION PROCESS, YOU MAY CONTACT THE CUSTOMER CONTACT CENTER AT (512) 424-2600 AND SELECT "DRIVER LICENSE INFORMATION."

IF THIS APPLICATION PACKET IS NOT COMPLETED IN FULL AND RETURNED TO THIS OFFICE WITHIN 45 DAYS OF THE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION DATE, YOUR REQUEST FOR A VISION WAIVER MAY BE DENIED.

49 CFR 391.41 PHYSICAL QUALIFICATION FOR DRIVERS

THE DRIVER'S ROLE

Responsibilities, work schedules, physical and emotional demands, and lifestyles among commercial drivers vary by the type of driving that they do. Some of the main types of drivers include the following: turn- around or short relay (drivers return to their home base each evening); long relay (drivers drive 8-10 hours and then have an 8-hour off-duty period); straight through haul (cross country drivers); and team drivers (drivers share the driving by alternating their 4-hour driving periods and 4-hour rest periods). The following factors may be involved in a driver's performance of duties: abrupt schedule changes and rotating work schedules, which may result in irregular sleep patterns and a driver beginning a trip in a fatigued condition; long hours; extended time away from family and friends, which may result in lack of social support; tight pickup and delivery schedules, with irregularity in work, rest, and eating patterns, adverse road, weather and traffic conditions, which may cause delays and lead to hurriedly loading or unloading cargo in order to compensate for the lost time; and environmental conditions such as excessive vibration, noise, and extremes in temperature. Transporting passengers or hazardous materials may add to the demands on the commercial driver.

There may be duties in addition to the driving task for which a driver is responsible and needs to be fit. Some of these responsibilities are: coupling and uncoupling trailer(s) from the tractor, loading and unloading trailer(s) (sometimes a driver may lift a heavy load or unload as much as 50,000 pounds of freight after sitting for a long period of time without any stretching period); inspecting the operating condition of tractor and trailer(s) before, during and after delivery of cargo; lifting, installing and removing heavy tire chains; and lifting heavy tarpaulins to cover open top trailers. These tasks demand agility, the ability to bend and stoop, the ability to maintain a crouching position, frequent entry and exit of the cab and the ability to climb ladders on the tractor and/or trailer(s). In addition, a driver must have the perceptual skills to monitor a sometimes complex driving situation, the judgment skills to make quick decisions when necessary, and the manipulative skills to control an oversize steering wheel, shift gears using a manual transmission and maneuver a vehicle in crowded areas.

49 CFR, 391.41 PHYSICAL QUALIFICATIONS FOR DRIVERS

- (a) A person shall not drive a commercial motor vehicle unless he/she is physically qualified to do so and, except as provided in 391.67, has on his person the original, or a photographic copy of a medical examiner's certificate that he/she is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
- (b) A person is physically qualified to drive a motor vehicle if that person:
 - (1) Has no loss of foot, a leg, a hand or an arm, or has been granted a Skill Performance Evaluation Certificate (formerly Limb Waiver) pursuant to 391.49;
 - (2) Has no impairment of a hand or finger which interferes with prehension or power grasping; or an arm, foot or leg which interferes with the ability to perform normal tasks associated with operating a commercial motor vehicle; or any other significant limb defect or limitation which interferes with the ability to perform normal tasks associated with operating a commercial motor vehicle; or has been granted a SPE Certificate pursuant to 391.49;
 - (3) Has no established medical history or clinical diagnoses of diabetes mellitus currently requiring insulin for control;
 - (4) Has no current clinical diagnosis of myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary insufficiency, thrombosis, or any other cardiovascular disease of a variety known to be accompanied by syncope, dyspnea, collapse or congestive heart failure;
 - (5) Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of a respiratory dysfunction likely to interfere with his/her ability to control and drive a commercial motor vehicle safely;
 - (6) Has no current clinical diagnosis of high blood pressure likely to interfere with his/her ability to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely;
 - (7) Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of rheumatic, arthritic orthopedic, muscular, neuromuscular or vascular disease that interferes with his ability to control and operate a commercial motor vehicle safely;
 - (8) Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a commercial motor vehicle;
 - (9) Has no mental, nervous, organic or functional disease or psychiatric disorder likely to interfere with his ability to drive a commercial motor vehicle safely;
 - (10) Has distant visual acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in each eye without corrective lenses or visual acuity separately corrected to 20/40 (Snellen) or better with corrective lenses, distant binocular acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in both eyes with or without corrective lenses, field of vision of at least 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian in each eye, and the ability to recognize the colors of traffic signals and devices showing standard red, green and amber;
 - (11) First perceives a forced whispered voice in the better ear not less than 5 feet with or without the use of a hearing aid, or, if tested by use of an audiometric device, does not have an average hearing loss in the better ear greater than 40 decibels at 500 Hz, 1,000 Hz, and 2,000 Hz with or without a hearing aid when the audiometric device is calibrated to American National Standard (formerly ASA Standard) Z24.5-1951;
 - (12) Does not use a controlled substance identified in 21 CFR 1308.11 Schedule 1, an amphetamine, a narcotic or any other habit-forming drug. (A driver may use such a substance or drug, if the substance or drug is prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner who is familiar with the driver's medical history and assigned duties and has advised the driver that the prescribed substance or drug will not adversely affect the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle); and
 - (13) Has no current clinical diagnosis of alcoholism.

(Rev. 10/10)

TEXAS INTRASTATE VISION WAIVER APPLICATION

1.	Driver Name			2.	Social	Securi	ty l	Num	ber	3.	Birth	date
	(Last, First, Middle)				-	-					MM/D	D/YEAR
4.	Driver License	Number	5. Stree	et A	ddress							
6.	City, State and	Zip Code					7.	Tele	epho	ne N	umber	
							()			
	Renewal Current Waiver Expires New Application											
y 5	I hereby certify that if I am arrested, cited for or convicted of any disqualifying offense or other moving violation during the period my vision waiver application is pending, I will immediately report such arrests, citations or convictions to the Texas Department of Public Safety. I understand that a vision waiver granted under Title 37, Texas Administrative Code, Section 16.9 does not exempt me from meeting all other driver qualifications required under the Federal Motor Carrier Regulations, Part 391.41.											
	do solemnly swear or affir alse statement under oath											
						Signature (-					
					_							_
s	Sworn to and subscribed be	fore me on this _.		da	ny of					_, 20		_
						Notary F	Public	or Aut	horized	Officer		_

CDL-36 (Rev. 02/12)

TEXAS INTRASTATE VISION WAIVER

Driver License Office Vision Examination

1.	TX Driver License Number	
2.	Applicant Name (Last, first, middle)	
3.	Station Number	
4.	Station Location	
5.	DL Employee Number	

Applicants must have 20/40 (Snellen) or better distant visual acuity with or without corrective lenses in the better eye or if the applicant's vision is uncorrectable in one eye and the applicant does not wear corrective lenses then uncorrected vision must be 20/25 (Snellen) in the better eye to be eligible for an intrastate vision waiver.

6.	Visual Acuity	Right Eye	Left Eye	Both Eyes	7.	Color Perception
	Uncorrected	20/	20/	20/		Normal
	Corrected	20/	20/	20/		Color Blind

If the applicant disputes the results of the Snellen examination, he/she should be instructed to have a more detailed examination performed by a vision specialist. A CDL will not be issued or renewed if the applicant cannot meet the vision standards specified in 49 CFR, Part 391.41(b)(10). A driver wishing to renew a CDL must downgrade to a non-CDL license and complete application for a Texas Intrastate Vision Waiver. A driver who operates a motor vehicle in intrastate commerce, not transporting property requiring a hazardous material placard, and was regularly employed prior to August 28, 1989, is not required to meet the medical standards set forth in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

Signature of DL Employee	Date	Signature of Applicant

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE MEDICAL EXAMINER

General Information

The purpose of this examination is to determine a driver's physical qualification to operate a commercial motor vehicle in intrastate commerce. The requirements for operation of a commercial motor vehicle within the State of Texas are those specified in 49 CFR, 391.41-49, (with the exception of the applicable Texas Intrastate Vision and Limb waivers). Therefore, the medical examiner must be knowledgeable of these requirements and quidelines developed by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), to assist in making the qualification determination. The medical examiner should be familiar with the driver's responsibilities and work environment. In addition to reviewing the Health History section with the driver and conducting the physical examination, the medic al examiner should discuss common prescriptions and over-the -counter medications relative to the side effects and hazards of these medications while driving, a s well as educating the driver to read warning labels on all medications. History of cert ain conditions may be cause for rejection, particularly if required by regulation, or may indicate the need for additional laboratory tests or more stringent examination, perhaps by a me dical specialist. These decisions are usually made by the medical examiner in light of the driver's responsibilities, work schedule and potential for the condition to render the driver unsafe.

Medical conditions should be recorded even if the y are not cause for denial, and the y should be discussed with the driver to encourage appro priate remedial care. This advice is especially needed when a condition, if neglected, c ould develop into a serious illness that could affect driving.

If the medical examiner deter mines that the driver is fit to drive an d is also able to perform non-driving responsibilities as may be required, the medical examiner signs the medical certif icate that the driver must carry with his/her driver license. The certificate must be dated. Under curre nt regulations, the certificate is valid for two years unless the driver has a medical condition that does not prohibit driving but does require m ore frequent monitoring. In such situations, the medical certificate should be issued for a shorter length of time. The physical examination should be done carefully and at least as complet e as is indicated by the attached forms.

Interpretation of Medical Standards

Since the issuance of the regulations for ph ysical qualifications of commercial drivers, the FMCSA has published recommendations called Advisor y Criteria to help medical examiners in det ermining whether a

driver meets the physical qualifications for commercial driving. These recommend ations have been condensed to provide information to medical examiners that is directly relevant to the physical examination and is not alrea dy included in the medical examination form. The specific regulation is printed in *italics* and its reference by section is highlighted:

FMCSA Advisory Criteria

Loss of Limb: 391.41(b)(1)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no loss of a foot, leg, hand or an arm, or has been granted a Skill Performance Evaluation (SPE) Certificate pursuant to Section 391.49, or a Texas Intrastate Limb Waiver.

Limb Impairment: 391.41(b)(2)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no impairment of: (i) a hand or finger which interferes with prehension or power grasping; or (ii) an arm, foot or leg which interferes with the ability to perform normal tasks associated with operating a commercial motor vehicle; or (iii) any other significant limb defect or limitation which interferes with the ability to perform normal tasks associated with operating a commercial motor vehicle; or (iv) has been granted a Skill Performance Evaluation Certificate pursuant to Section 391.49, or a Texas Intrastate Limb Waiver.

A person who suffers loss of a foot, leg, ha nd or arm or whose limb impairment in any way interferes with the safe performance of normal tasks associated with operating a commercial motor vehicle is sub ject to the Skill P erformance Evaluation Certification Program pursuant to section 3 91.49, or a Te xas Intrastate Limb Waiver, assuming the perso n is otherwise qualified.

With the advancement of technology, medical aids and equipment modifications have been developed to compensate for certain disabilities. The SPE Certification Program and T exas Intrastate Limb Waiver program were designed to allow persons with the loss of a foot or limb or with functional impairment to qualify under the Federal Motor Car rier Safety Regulations by use of prosthetic devices or equipment modifications which enable them to safely

operate a commercial motor vehicle. Since there are no medical aids equivalent to the original body or limb, certain risks are still present, and thus restrictions may be included on individual SPE (Limb Waiver) certificates when determined they are necessary to be consistent with safety and public interest.

If the driver is found otherwise medically qualified, the medical examiner must check on the medical certificate that the driver is qualified only if accompanied by a SPE (Limb Waiver certificate. The driver and the employing motor carrier are subject to appropriate penalty if the driver operates a motor vehicle without a current SPE (Limb Wai ver) certificate for his/her physical disability.

Diabetes: 391.41(b)(3)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of diabetes mellitus currently requiring insulin for control.

Diabetes mellitus is a disease w hich, on occasion, can result in a loss of consciousness or disorientation in time and space. Individuals who require insulin for control have conditions w hich can get out of con trol by the use of to o much or too little insulin, or fo od intake not con sistent with the insulin dosage. Incapacitation may occur fr om symptoms of hyperglycemic reactions, including drowsiness, semiconsciousness, diabetic coma or insulin shock.

The administration of insulin is w ithin itself a complicated process requiring insulin, sy ringe, needle, alcohol sponge and a sterile technique. Factors related to long-haul commercial motor vehicle operations, such as fatigue, lack of sleep, poor diet, emotional conditions, stress and concomitant illne ss, compound the diabetic problem. Th us, because of these inherent dangers, the FMC SA has consistently held that a diabetic who uses insulin for control does not meet the minimum physical requirements of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

Hypoglycemic drugs taken orally, are sometimes prescribed for diabetic individuals to help stimulate natural body production of insulin. If the condition can be controlled by the use of oral medication and diet, then an individual may be qualified under the present rule.

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Cardiovascular Condition: 391.41(b)(4)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no clinical diagnosis of myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary insufficiency, thrombosis or any other cardiovascular disease of a variety known to be accompanied by syncope, dyspnea, collapse or congestive cardiac failure.

The phrase "has no current clinical diagnosis of" is specifically designed to encompass:

- (1) a current cardiovascular condition, or
- (2) a cardiovascular condition w hich has not fully stabilized regardless of the time limit. The phrase "known to be accompanied by" is defined to include: a clinical diagnosis of a cardiovascular disease.
- which is accompanied by symptoms of syncope, dyspnea, collapse or congestive cardiac failure; and/or;
- (2) which is likely to cause syn cope, dyspnea, collapse or congestive cardiac failure.

It is the intent of the FMCS Rs to render unqualified, a driver who has a current cardiovascular disease which is accompanied by and/or likely to cause symptoms of syncope, dyspnea, collapse, or congestive cardiac failure. Ho wever, the subjective decision of whether the nature and severity of an individual's condition will likely cause symptoms of cardiovascular insufficiency is on an individual b asis and qualification rests with the medical examiner and the motor carrier. In those cases where there is an occurrence of car diovascular insufficiency (myocardial infarction, thrombosis, etc.), it is suggested before a driver is certified that he or she have a normal r esting and stress electrocardiogram (ECG), no r esidual complications and no ph ysical limitations, and is taking no medication likely to interfere with safe driving.

Coronary artery bypass surgery and pacemaker implantation are remedial procedures and thus, not disqualifying. Coumadin is a medical treatment which can improve the health and safe ty of the driver and should not, b y its use, medically disqualify the commercial driver. The emphasis should be on the underlying medical condition(s) which req uire treatment and the general health of the driver.

Respiratory Dysfunction: 391.41(b)(5)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of a respiratory dysfunction likely to interfere with ability to control and drive a commercial motor vehicle safely.

Since a driver must be alert at all times, any change in his or her mental state is in direct conflict with highway safety. Even the slightest impairment in respiratory function under emergency conditions, when greater oxygen supply is necessary for performance, may be detrimental to safe driving.

There are many conditions that interfere with oxygen exchange and may result in incapacitation, including emphysema, chronic asthma, carcinoma, tuberculosis, chronic bronchitis and sleep apnea. If the medical examiner detects a respiratory dysfunction, that in any way is likely to interfere with the driver's ability to safely control and drive a commercial motor vehicle, the driver must be referred to a specialist for further evaluation and therapy. Anticoagulation therapy for deep vein thrombosis and/or pulmonary thromboembolism is not disqualifying once optimum dose is achieved, provided lower extremity venous examinations remain normal and the treating physician gives a favorable recommendation.

Hypertension: 391.41(b)(6)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commer cial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no current clinical diagnosis of high blood pressure likely to interfere with ability to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely.

Hypertension alone is unlikely to cause sud den collapse; however, the likelihood increases when target organ damage, particularly cerebral vascular disease, is present.

A blood pressure of 161-180 systolic and/or 91-104 diastolic is considered mild hypertension, and the driver is not necessarily unqualified during evaluation and institution of treatmen t. The driver is given a three-month period to reduce his or her b lood pressure to less than or equal to 160/90; the certifying physician should state on the medical certificate that it is only valid for that three-m onth period. If the driver is subsequently found qualified with a blood pressure less than or equal to 160/90, the certifying physician may issue a medical certificate for a one-year period, but should confirm blood pressure control in the third month of this one-year period. The individual should be certified annually thereafter.

A blood pressure greater than 180 systolic and/or greater than 104 diastolic is con sidered moderate to severe. The driver shall not be qualified, even temporarily, until his or her blood pressure has been

reduced to less than 181/105. The examin ina physician may temporarily certify the individual once the individual's blood pressure is below 181 and/or 105. For blood pressure greater than 180 and/or 104, documentation of continued control should be made every six months. The individual should be cer tified biannually thereafter. The expi ration date must be stated on the medical certificate. Commercial drivers who present for certification with normal blood pressure but are taking medication(s) for hypertension should be certified on the same basis as individuals who present with blood pressures in the mild moderate to severe r ange. Annual recertification is recommended if the medical examiner is unable to establish blood pressure at the time of diagnosis.

An elevated blood pressure finding should be confirmed by at least two subsequent measurements on different days. Inquiry should be made regard ing smoking, cardiovascular disease in relatives immoderate use of alcohol. An electrocardiog ram (ECG) and blood profile including glucose, cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, creatinine potassium should be made. An echocardiogram and chest X-ray are desirable in subjects with moderate or severe hypertension. Since the presence of target organ damage increases the risk of sudden collapse. group 3 or 4 hypertensive retinopathy, left ventricular hypertrophy not other wise explained (echocardiography or ECG by Estes criteria), evidence of severely reduced left ventricular function. or serum creatinine of greater than 2.5 warrants the driver being f ound unqualified to operat e a commercial motor vehicle in intrastate commerce.

Treatment includes non-pharmacologic and pharmacologic modalities as w ell as counseling to reduce other risk factors. M ost anti-hypertensive medications also have side effects, the importance of which must be judged on an individual basis. Individuals must be alerted to the hazards of these medications while driving. Side effects of somnolence or syncope are particularly undesirable in commercial drivers.

A commercial driver who has normal blood pressure three or more months after a successful operation for pheochromocytoma, primary aldosteronism (unless bilateral adrenalectom y has been performed), renovascular d isease or unilateral renal parenchymal disease, and who shows no evidence of targ et organ damage may be qualified. Hypertension that persists despite su rgical intervention with no target o rgan damage should be evaluated and treated follo wing the guidelines set forth above.

Rheumatic, Arthritic Orthopedic, Muscular, Neuromuscular or Vascular Disease: 391.41(b)(7)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of rheumatic, arthritic orthopedic, muscular, neuromuscular or vascular disease which interferes with ability to control and operate a commercial motor vehicle safely.

Certain diseases are known to have acute episodes of transient muscle weakness, poor muscular coordination (ataxia), abnormal sensations (paresthesia), decreased muscular tone (hypotonia), visual disturbances and pain which may be suddenly incapacitating. With each recurring episode, these symptoms may become more pronounced and remain for longer periods of time. Other diseases have more insidious onsets and display symptoms of muscle wasting (atrophy), swelling and paresthesia which may not suddenly incapacitate a person but may restrict his/her movements and eventually interfere with the ability to safely operate a motor vehicle. In many instances these diseases are degenerative in nature or may result in deterioration of the involved area.

Once the individual has been diagnosed as having a rheumatic, arthritic orthopedic, muscular, neuromuscular or vascular disease, then he/she has an established history of that disease. The physician when examining an individual should consider the following:

the nature and severity of the individual's condition (such as sensory loss or loss of strength); the degree of limitation present (such as range of motion):

the likelihood of progressive limitation (not always present initially but may manifest itself over time); and the likelihood of sudden incapacitation.

If severe functional impairment exists, the driver does not qualify. In cases where more frequent monitoring is required, a certificate for a shorter time period may be issued.

Epilepsy: 391.41(b)(8)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is

likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a motor vehicle.

Epilepsy is a chronic functional disease characterized by seizures or episodes that occur without warning, resulting in loss of voluntary control, which may lead to loss of consciousness and/or seizures. Therefore, the following drivers cannot be qualified:

a driver who has a medical history of epilepsy; a driver who has a current clinical diagnosis of epilepsy; or

a driver who is taking anti-seizure medication.

If an individual has had a sudden episode of a non-epileptic seizure or loss of consciousness of unknown cause which did not require anti-seizure medication, the decision as to whether that person's condition will likely cause loss of consciousness or loss of ability to control a motor vehicle is made on an individual basis by the medical examiner in consultation with the treating physician. Before certification is considered, it is suggested that a sixmonth waiting period elapse from the time of the episode. Following the waiting period, it is suggested that the individual have a complete neurological examination. If the results of the examination are negative and anti-seizure medication is not required, then the driver may be qualified.

In those individual cases where a driver has a seizure or an episode of loss of consciousness that resulted from a known medical condition (e.g., drug reaction, high temperature, acute infectious disease, dehydration or acute metabolic disturbance), certification should be deferred until the driver has fully recovered from that condition and has no existing residual complications, and is not taking anti-seizure medication.

Mental Disorders: 391.41(b)(9)

A person is physically qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no mental, nervous, organic or functional disease or psychiatric disorder likely to interfere with ability to drive a motor vehicle safely.

Emotional or adjustment problems contribute directly to an individual's level of memory, reasoning, attention and judgment. These problems often underlie physical disorders. A variety of functional disorders can cause drowsiness, dizziness, confusion, weakness or paralysis that may lead to loss of coordination, inattention, loss of functional control and susceptibility to accidents while driving. Physical fatigue, headache, impaired coordination.

recurring physical ailments and chronic "nagging" pain may be present to such a degree that certification for commercial driving may be inadvisable. Somatic and psychosomatic complaints should be thoroughly examined when determining an individual's overall fitness to drive. Disorders of a periodically incapacitating nature, even in the early stages of development, may warrant disqualification.

Many bus and truck drivers have documented that "nervous trouble" related to neurotic, personality, emotional or adjustment problems is responsible for a significant fraction of their preventable accidents. The degree to which an individual is able to appreciate, evaluate and adequately respond to environmental strain and emotional stress is critical when assessing an individual's mental alertness and flexibility to cope with the stresses of commercial motor vehicle driving.

When examining the driver, it should be kept in mind that individuals who live under chronic emotional upsets may have deeply ingrained maladaptive or erratic behavior patterns. Excessively antagonistic, instinctive, impulsive, openly aggressive, paranoid or severely depressed behavior greatly interfere with the driver's ability to drive safely. Those individuals who are highly susceptible to frequent states of emotional instability (schizophrenia, affective psychoses, paranoia, anxiety or depressive neuroses) may warrant disqualification. Careful consideration should be given to the side effects and interactions of medications in the overall qualification determination.

Vision: 391.41(b)(10)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Has distant visual acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in each eye with or without corrective lenses or visual acuity separately corrected to 20/40 (Snellen) or better with corrective lenses, distant binocular acuity of at least 20/40 (Snellen) in both eyes with or without corrective lenses, field of vision of at least 70 degrees in the horizontal meridian in each eye, and the ability to recognize the colors of traffic signals and devices showing standard red, green and amber.

The phrase "ability to recognize the colors of" is interpreted to mean if a person can recognize and distinguish among traffic control signals and devices showing standard red, green and amber, he or she meets the minimum standard, even though he or she may have some type of color perception deficiency.

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If certain color perception tests are administered, (such as Ishihara, Pseudoisochromatic, Yarn) and doubtful findings are discovered, a controlled test using signal red, green and amber may be employed to determine the driver's ability to recognize these colors.

Contact lenses are permissible if there is sufficient evidence to indicate that the driver has good tolerance and is well adapted to their use. (Use of a contact lens in one eye for distance visual acuity and another lens in the other eye for near vision is **not acceptable**, nor are telescopic lenses acceptable for the driving of commercial motor vehicles.)

If an individual meets the criteria by the use of an approved type of glasses or contact lenses, the following statement shall appear on the Medical Examiner's Certificate: "Qualified only if wearing corrective lenses".

Hearing: 391.41(b)(11)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

First perceives a forced whispered voice in the better ear at not less than five feet with or without the use of a hearing aid, or, if tested by use of an audiometric device, does not have an average hearing loss in the better ear greater than 40 decibels at 500 Hz, 1,000 Hz, and 2,000 Hz with or without a hearing aid when the audiometric device is calibrated to American National Standard (formerly ASA Standard) Z24.5-1951.

Since the prescribed standard under the FMCSRs is the American Standards Association (ANSI), it may be necessary to convert the audiometric results from the ISO standard to the ANSI standard. Instructions are included on the Medical Examination report form.

If an individual meets the criteria by using a hearing aid, the driver must wear that hearing aid and have it in operation at all times when driving. Also, the driver must be in possession of a spare power source for the hearing aid.

For the whispered voice test, the individual should be stationed at least five feet from the examiner with the ear being tested turned toward the examiner. The other ear is covered. Using the breath which remains after a normal expiration, the examiner whispers words or random numbers such as 66, 18, 23, etc. The examiner should not use only sibilants (s-sounding test materials). The opposite ear should be tested in the same manner. If the individual fails the whispered voice test, the audiometric test should be administered.

If an individual meets the criteria by the use of a hearing aid, the following statement must appear on

the Medical Examiner's Certificate: "Qualified only when wearing a hearing aid".

Drug Use: 391.41(b)(12)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Does not use a controlled substance identified in 21 CFR 1308.II, Schedule I, an amphetamine, a narcotic or any other habit-forming drug. (A driver may use such a substance or drug, if the substance or drug is prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner who is familiar with the driver's medical history and assigned duties; and has advised the driver that the prescribed substance or drug will not adversely affect the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle.) This exception does not apply to methadone.

A test for controlled substances is not required as part of this biennial certification process. The term "uses" is designed to encompass instances of prohibited drug use determined by a physician through established medical means. This may or may not involve body fluid testing. If body fluid testing takes place, positive test results should be confirmed by a second test of greater specificity. The term "habit-forming" is intended to include any drug or medication generally recognized as capable of becoming habitual, and which may impair the user's ability to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely.

The driver is medically disqualified for the duration of the prohibited drug(s) use and until a second examination shows the driver is free from the drug. Recertification may involve a substance abuse evaluation, the successful completion of a drug rehabilitation program and a negative drug test result. Additionally, given that the certification period is normally two years, the examiner has the option to certify for a period of less than 2 years if this examiner determines more frequent monitoring is required.

Alcoholism: 391.41(b)(13)

A person is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle if that person:

Has no current clinical diagnosis of alcoholism.

If an individual displays signs of an alcohol-use problem, he or she should be referred to a specialist. After counseling and/or treatment, he or she may be considered for certification.



Medical Examination ReportFOR COMMERCIAL DRIVERS



1.	Drive	er's Informa	ation	(To be com	pleted by	y drive	r)		**	**APP	LICAN	II M	USIS	SIGN L	ASII	PAGE.
Driv	er's Nar	me (Last, First,	Middle)		Social Se	ecurity I	Numb	oer	Birth date MM/DD/YEAR	Age	Sex		New Ap Renewa	plication I	Date	of Examination
Resi	dent Ad	ldress		Mailing Ad	ldress				Work Tel:	•	Driver I	Licens	se Num	ber Clas	s of Lic	cense
									()							CDL
									Home Tel:							☐ Yes
									()						3	□ No
2.	Healt	th History	(To be	completed	by medi	cal exa	min	er)	See Instruction	ons to tl	ne Medi	cal E	xamine	er for gu	iidance) ,
Υe	s No					Yes	No					Yes	No			
		Injury or Illness in	the past 5 ye	ars ?				Lung d	lisease, emphysema,	asthma			Ch	ronic low ba	ck pain	
		Head or spinal cord	l injuries					Kidney	/ disease				☐ Se	xually trans	mitted dis	ease
		Seizures, convulsion	ns or fainting	spells				Liver	disease				☐ Re	gular, frequ	ent alcoh	ol use
		☐ Medication ?						Gastro	ointestinal disease				□ Na	rcotic or ha	hit formin	a drua use
		Vision impairment						Diabet	tes or elevated blood s	sugar		_				-
	_	·	•	ŕ				□ D	iet				Ot	her		
L	ı u	Hearing disorder, h	learing loss, b	laiance loss				□ o	ral medication							
] 🗆	Heart attack, cardi	ovascular dise	ease				☐ Ir	nsulin injection							
		☐ Medication ? _						Nervo	us or psychiatric disor	ders						
		Heart surgery (valv	/e replacemer	nt, bypass, angio	plasty, etc.)			Sleep	disorders, insomnia, s	leep apnia,	etc.					
		Hypertension						Strok	e or paralysis							
		☐ Medication ?						Missir	ng or impaired limb							
		Muscular disease						Snina	l injury or disease							
Ε		Shortness of breatl	า				_	Эрти	injury or discuse							
(The r	nedical ex	aminer must review a	and discuss a	ny 'yes' answers	with the drive	l er, includir	ng pote	ential im	pact of medications o	n driving ab	ility.)					

TESTING (Medical Examiner to complete sections 3 through 5)

з.	VISION
٠.	1131011

Standard: At least 20/40 acuity (Snellen) in each eye with or without correction. At least 70 degrees peripheral in horizontal meridian measured in each eye. The use of corrective lenses should be noted on the Medical Examiner's Certificate.

INSTRUCTIONS: When other than the Snellen chart is used, give test results in Snellen-comparable values. In recording distant vision, use 20 feet as normal. Report visual acuity as a ratio with 20 as numerator and the smallest type read at 20 feet as denominator. If the applicant wears corrective lenses, these should be worn while visual acuity is being tested. If the driver habitually wears contact lenses, or intends to do so while driving, sufficient evidence of good tolerance and adaptation to their use must be obvious. Monocular drivers must be able to demonstrate 20/25 or better distant visual acuity without corrective lenses or 20/40 or better distant visual acuity with corrective lenses in the good eye. If the use of telescopic lenses is required to meet visual acuity standards, a comprehensive driving examination is required.

ACUITY	UNCORRECTED	CORRECTED	HORIZONTAL FIELD OF VISION
Right Eye	20/	20/	Right Eye
Left Eye	20/	20/	Left Eye
Both Eyes	20/	20/	

Complete next line only if vision testing is done by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.

Applicant can recognize and distinguish among traffic control signals and devices showing standard red, green and amber colors?						
Yes No No						
Monocular vision:						
Yes No No						

Date of Examination

Name of Ophthalmologist or Optometrist

Telephone Number

License number/State of Issue

Signature

On Initial Exam

< 181/105. Then qualify

for 3 months only.

HEARING

Standard: a) Must first perceive forced whispered voice > 5 ft., with or without hearing aid, or b) average hearing loss in better ear < 40dB.

Check if hearing aid used for tests.

Check if hearing aid required to meet standard.

INSTRUCTIONS: To convert audiometric test results from ISO to ANSI, -14dB from ISO for 500 Hz, -10 dB for 1,000 Hz, -8.5 dB for 2,000 Hz. To

average, add the readings for three frequencies and divide by three.

a) Record distance from individual at which	Right Ear	Left Ear	
forced whispered voice can first be heard.	Feet	Feet	

OR

,	Right Ear			Left Ear			
b) If audiometer is used, record hearing loss in decibels. (acc. To ANSI Z24.5-1951)	500 Hz	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	500 Hz	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	
	Average:			Average:			

BLOOD PRESSURE / PULSE RATE

Numerical readings must be recorded.

Guidelines for Blood Pressure Evaluation

Within 3 months

and control the third month.

Blood Pressure	Systolic	Diastolic

Pulse	☐ Regular
Rate	☐ Irregular

Driver qualified if < 160 / 90 on initial examination.

Annually if If \leq 160 and/or 90, qualify If 161-180 and/or 91-104, acceptable for 1 yr. Document Rx & qualify for 3 months only. control the third month. BP is maintained. If > 180 and/or 104, not If \leq 160 and/or 90, qualify qualified until reduced to for 6 months. Document Rx Biannually

Medical Examiner should take at least 2 readings to confirm blood pressure.

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Certify

TESTING (Medical Examiner to complete sections 6 and 7)

6. LABORATORY AND OTHER TEST FINDINGS

Numerical readings must be recorded.

Urinalysis is required. Protein, blood or sugar in the urine may be an indication for further testing to rule out any underlying medical problem.

	SP. GR.	PROTEIN	BLOOD	SUGAR	
URINE SPECIMEN					

d))
	d)

7. PH	YSICAL	EXAMIN	ATION
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Height:		(in.	
---------	--	------	--

Weight:	(lb	s.)
---------	-----	-----

The presence of a certain condition may not necessarily disqualify a driver, particularly if the condition is controlled adequately, is not likely to worsen or is readily amenable to treatment. Even if a condition does not disqualify a driver, the medical examiner may consider deferring the driver temporarily. Also, the driver should be advised to take the necessary steps to correct the condition as soon as possible particularly if the condition, if neglected, could result in more serious illness that might affect driving.

Check **YES** if there are any abnormalities. Check **NO** if the body system is normal. Discuss any **YES** answers in detail in the space on the last page and indicate whether it would affect the driver's ability to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely. Enter applicable item number before each comment. If organic disease is present, note that it has been compensated for.

See Instructions to the Medical Examiner for guidance.

BODY SYSTEM	CHECK FOR:	YES*	NO
1. General Appearance	Marked overweight, tremor, signs of alcoholism, problem drinking or drug abuse.		
2. Eyes	Pupillary equality, reaction to light, accomodation, ocular motility, ocular muscle imbalance, extraocular movement, nystagmus, exophthalmos, strabismus uncorrected by corrective lenses, retinopathy, cataracts, aphakia, glaucoma, macular degeneration.		
3. Ears	Middle ear disease, occlusion of external canal, perforated eardrums.		
4. Mouth and Throat	Irremediable deformities likely to interfere with breathing or swallowing.		

TESTING (Medical Examiner to complete section 7)

7. PHYSICAL EXAMINATION (continued)

BODY SYSTEM	CHECK FOR:	YES*	NO	* Comments:
5. Heart	Murmurs, extra sound, enlarged heart, pacemaker.			
6. Lungs and chest not including breast exam.	Abnormal chest wall expansion, abnormal respiratory rate, abnormal breath sounds including wheezes or alveolar rales, impaired respiratory tunction, dyspnea, cyanosis. Abnormal findings on physical exam may require further testing such as pulmonary tests and/or x-ray of chest.			
7. Abdomen and Viscera	Enlarged liver, enlarged spleen, masses, bruits, hernia, significant abdominal wall muscle weakness.			
8. Vascular System	Abnormal pulse and amplitude, carotid or arterial bruits, varicose veins.			
9. Genito-urinary System	Hernias			
 Extremities - Limb impaired. Driver be subject to SPE certificate if otherwise qualified. 	Loss or impairment of leg, foot, toe, arm hand, finger. Perceptible limp, deformities, atrophy, weakness, paralysis, clubbing, edema, hypotonia. Insufficient grasp and prehension in upper limb to maintain steering wheel grip. Insufficient mobility and strength in lower limb to operate pedals properly.			
11. Spine, other musculoskeletal	Previous surgery, deformities, limitation of motion, tenderness.			
12. Neurological	eurological Impaired equilibrium, coordination or speech pattern; paresthesia, asymmetric deep tendon reflexes, sensory or positional abnormalities, abnormal patellar and Babinski's reflexes, ataxia.			
Note certification	status here. See Instructions to the Medical Examiner for	guidanc	e.	
Qualifie	s for 2 year vision limb waiver certificate.			
Does no	t meet physical standards.			Medical Examiner's Signature
Meets p	hysical standards, but periodic evaluation required.			Medical Examiner's Name (print)
Due to	driver qualified only for:			
	3 months 1 year			Certificate number and State of issue
	6 months Other			Address:
pplicant's S	ignature	Т	elepho	ne number: ()
			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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